BRYAN MADE A SCORE OF SPEECHES, BUT SAID LITTLE NEW.

Yesterday Was Spent by the Popo cratic Agitator in Gulling the People of Southern Michigan.

HIS WIFE WITH HIM ALL DAY

PLAUSE OF THE CROWDS.

Downgiac-Another Talk to "Ladies Only" at Lansing.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LANSING, Mich., Oct. 16.-William J. Bryan, the Popocratic candidate, spent another day in Michigan spreading his false doctrines and making insidious appeals to workingmen and farmers. His train stopped at twenty-three stations to-day, and he either showed himself or made brief speeches at all places. His wife accompanied him and was the recipient of probably as many cheers as her husband. At some places she was regarded as the whole show, and scattered flowers for which her applauders scrambled. Yellow badges were not so numerous to-day as in the northern part of the State, but at some points there were rounds of cheers for McKinley. Mr. Bryan arrived at 7:30 o'clock and made

Mr. Bryan's first speech to-day was delivered at Muskegon at 7 a. m., his wife accompanying him to the stand, which had been erected near the railway station. He repeated the bold assertion that free coinage would raise the price of silver to that of gold. At Holland there was a short stop and Mr. Bryan made another delusive speech. Fennville turned out a small crowd of shouters and Mr. Bryan told them that if he knew what they wanted him to talk about he would address them on that subfect. One man said: "Some tell us we would have a 53-cent dollar." Mr. Bryan said no one accused the silver dollar of being a 53-cent dollar until after silver was demonetized and a monopoly of mint privileges given to gold.

were numerous at Bangor, but Mrs. Bryan was cheered as she appeared on the rear platform of the car. At Hartford also Mrs. Bryan was warmly welcomed, this time mostly by women, who were well repre-sented in the small crowd.

When Watervliet was reached the first thing that caught Mr. Bryan's eye was a large picture of William McKinley and the motto: "McKinley, the Advance Agent of Prosperity." Mr. Bryan took this as his theme. He declared that the opposition was trying to force the fight on the tariff cuestion. question, while recognizing the money issue was paramount.

Nobody turned out at St. Joseph to either welcome or deride the Popocratic agitator and the train, after a brief halt, went on to Benton Harbor, where Mr. Bryan spoke from the balcony of a hotel. He said in In the Banner Register, published in

this city. I find the following:
"Times are hard, but we are not in the deepest water yet. If silver wins this fall it will be one of the greatest disasters that ever befell the farmers. I have had for over ten years nearly \$20,000 loaned in this county to farmers. In many instances payments have been met, but for a few years I have been compelled to extend the time and I am willing to do so under our present financial basis, but if silver wins this fall I will do what every other man will do who has money out, demand immediate payment, I admit I may lose some of the interest, but I have at least three years to save myself and during that time

I will close in on every mortgage I have.'
"My friends, I want to denounce the
money lender who attempts to use his mortgages to intimidate American citizens and say that the man does not deserve to live in a land where men are free and have a right to liberty. When you admit that it is necessary to go to the money lender and obtain his consent before you can pass a law then you have passed from a democracy to a plutocracy and liberty, as we have understood it, has fled from as we have understood it, has fled from this Nation. I want you to understand that these men knowing that they cannot appeal to reason, attempt to appeal to force, these men knowing that their argu-ments do not appeal to judgment, attempt to appeal to the fears of men. In this campaign, my friends, we have arrayed against us every enemy of society and every man who seeks to make slaves of every man who seeks to make slaves of those with whom he deals. I am glad that they are not on our side; I am glad that I have not the support of a man who intends to foreclose his mortgages if men do not vote as he wants them to."
At Niles Mr. Bryan said nothing new in

At Niles Mr. Bryan said nothing new in his speech, but at Dowagiac the "boy orator" got in a few licks at the Hon, W. D. Bynum, of Indianapolis, who was booked to speak from the same stand after Mr. Bryan had left the city. The Popocratic orator quoted from Bynum's speeches in Congress to show that the Hoosier had once favored silver and Mr. Bryan said Mr. Bynum could explain his change of views if he wished to.

Brief stops were made at Decatur and Lawton before Kalamazoo was reached. In his speech at the latter place Mr. Bryan jumped on Edward Lauterbach, chairman of the Republican committee of King's county. New York, in this way: "I am not like a prominent Republican of New York city, who said the people may not be willing to submit. I say the American people will submit to whatever a majority of the American people decides."

Marshall was the pext stop, but here in-Marshall was the next stop, but here in-

stead of making a speech, the candidate served as introducer. He said: "My friends, I am not going to have time to talk to you, but I simply want to make a little speech in the introduction of a famous Anarchist who is going to speak after I am done. Now, I want you when he gets up to talk to you, to take a good look at him. He is a typical Anarchist. You will probably see his picture in Harper's Weekly next week. His name is Hon. Albert Williams, and he lives at Ionia, Mich., and he was introduced two years ago at he was introduced two years ago at Ionia by Mr. McKinley, as the only sur-vivor of the sixteen who met and adopted the first Republican platform, and sug-gested the name of the Republican party, on the 6th of July, 1854, under the oaks at Jackson. He must be an Anarchist because he is with us this year. Friends, he is one of the many men who have found it necessary to either get out of the Re-publican party or surrender their country into the hands of foreigners and he has naturally chosen to get out of the party, and yet my friends, the campaign of education which our opponents are carrying on consists mainly in applying abusive names to such men. Our opponents tell you that this country cannot be trusted in Mississippi, but east of the Mississippi the the hands of any party or any men who have the support of such men as Albert Williams and they insist that if you want

Awarded Highest Honors-World's Pair. ·DR:

a good government you must turn the gov-



A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free m Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant, 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

ernment over to the Wall-street syndi-cates and let them run it for all there is in it, to the syndicates. A brief stop was made at Albion, where yellow ribbons were in evidence. While the candidate was speaking from a platform near the track the boards gave way, but fortunately robody was hurt.

There was a good crowd at Jackson. Mr.
Bryan made two speeches and then started
for Lansing, stopping en route for a minute or two at Leslie and Mason.

TO "LADIES ONLY."

Mr. Bryan Trying to Hoodwink Women as Well as Men.

It was a few minutes after 7 o'clck when the Bryan train reached Lansing. After dinner the candidate delivered three speeches. At the usual meeting for "ladies only" he said among other things: "In the first place the value of the dollar depends on the number of dollars. That principle is fundamental. That principle is

simply the application of a general law to the money question. The law of supply and demand is the best known aw of trade and commerce. We apply it every day. We know, for instance, that if there is a drought and short crop of anything that the price of that article will rise. Because the demand remains the same and the supply is diminished. There-fore the value of it in the market must rise. We can apply that to everything. Now, that law which you understand in every day operation is true of the money question; also that the value of the dollar depends on the number of dollars. Then, how can you make money dear? By mak-ing money scarce. How can you reduce the value of dollars? By making more dollars. Now, I say that that is the first principle and when you have understood that you are prepared then to go on to other principles; when you understand that the value of the dollar depends on the number of dollars, when you understand that money can be made dear by making money scarce, then you understand why some people want scarce money, because some people profit by the dear money. Now, it is natural for people to like those things which are profitable to them and it

tracts payable in dollars to desire dollars "The advocates of the gold standard add the crime of hypocrisy to the sin of avarice. de not mean that those who ignorantly advocate the gold standard without under-standing its effects are guilty of this, but. I mean those who stand behind the gold crusade, those who are altempting, under the disguise of being international bimetalthree speeches to-night, one being adverlists, to fasten the gold standard upon this country never tell you their interest. They try to make you think that they are philanthropists and are doing all that they can do for the love of their country and for the love of mankind without regard for any

s natural that a person who, instead of

owning property owns money or holds con-

At a meeting in Capitol Square Mr. Bryin went into an elaborate discussion low the bond deals are manipulated, as he claims. In another address from the bal-cony of the Downey House he said the silver people were willing to trust the em-ployes of the corporations to vote as they pleased while the great Republican leaders are seeking to have the managers of cor-porations coerce and buildoze their em-ployes into voting the Republican ticket. This proved, he claimed, that the Republican party had a hopeless cause and had lost faith in appealing to reason, since an

Yellow badges and McKinley supporters | FIGHT FOR A BIG PURSE

SEVEN HEATS TO DECIDE THE LEX-INGTON FREE-FOR-ALL TROT.

Fantasy and One Each by William Penn and Beuzetta.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 16.-Between three and four thousand people turned out to see the trots to-day, and, although the in first-class condition and the sport was of a high order. in the unfinished 2:17 pace, which had been postponed from Thursday, Eleanor won the fifth heat and Arthur W. the sixth and race. The second race, for two-year-olds, was captured by China Silk, ond. In the free-for-all the talent got a dump, as Pat L., who sold for \$5 in \$100, won the race and Fantasy and Beuzetta with second and fourth positions, William Penn, who was lame and unfortunate in getting two bad starts, was pocketed twice, but did some wonderful work. Pat L. and William Penn carried off all the praise and most of the money. The 2:12 pace came last, and, although it had a large field, of that State." Royal Victor, the favorite, won in straight

heats without any trouble. Summaries: 2:17 Pace; purse, \$500: Arthur W., br. g., by C. F Clay (Yeager) Licanor, ch. m. (Pearce) ... 9 5 5 10 1 2
Uncle Tom, b. g. (Ryley) ... 1 4 6 6 4 3
Iowa Joe, B. h. (Cuilis) 11 11 8 1 5 4
Lucy H., ch. m. (Johnson) ... 2 2 10 3 2 ro
King Egbert, b. g. (Paine) ... 3 3 2 2 3 ro
Palos, ch. g. (McCall) ... 8 8 4 8 6 ro
Edwin Clay, b. h. (Hurxthal) 6 9 7 4 9 ro
John Sea, blk. h. (Peters) ... 12 12 12 5 7 ro
Edgar H., b. g. (McLaugh-

Viola, b. m. (Young) . The Lexington; for two-year-olds; purse.

nedy)
Preston, gr. c. (Abell)
Mabel Moneypenny, b. f. (Thomas)....
Jack Miller, b. c. (Milam) Time-2:17%, 2:18%.

Free-for-all trot; purse, \$2,000: Pat L., b. h., by Republican

Time-2:07%, 2:08%, 2:10%, 2:09%, 2:10%, 2:12, Royal Victor, b. h., by Roy
Wilkes (Penman) 1
Miss Finley, br. m. (Rider) 5
Ole Hutch, br. g. (Phelps) 11
Giles Verses br. (W.) Myrtle G., b. m. (Swearingen). 3
Captain Crouch, ch. h. (Wilson). 4
Nicol, br. h. (McLaughlin). 6
Tommy Brown, b. g. (Brown). 14
Connor, blk. h. (Didehay). 7
Hal Crago, br. h. (McCall). 9 Jack, b. g. (Galawa) Time—2:09, 2:08%, 2:00%.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Fair Weather, Preceded by Possibly Light Showers in the Morning. Forecast for Indianapolis and vicinity for he twenty-four hours ending 8 p. m., Oct. 17-Fair weather on Saturday; possibly

light showers in the morning. General conditions yesterday-High atpressure diminished. The low barometric area central off the New England coast extended westwaru. The temperature fell except near the gulf coast, where it rose slightly; it fell from 10 to 18 degrees from Indiana eastward to Pennsylvania and New York. Fair weather continued and light rains and snow fell only near Lake

FORECAST FOR THREE STATES. WASHINGTON, Oct. 16 .- For Ohio-Generally cloudy weather; probably light showers near the lakes; light to fresh north winds; cooler in southern portion. For Indiana and Illinois-Generally fair luring the day, but conditions are favorable for light showers near Lake Michigan in the early morning; north winds and cooler in southern portion.

Friday's Local Observations. Bar, Ther. R.H. Wind. Weather. Pre.

Total departure since Jan. 1..... *463 -0.70

C. F. R. WAPPENHANS,

Local Forecast Observer.

OMINOUS WRINKLES ON THE BROW OF THE GEORGIA POPULIST.

He Is in Such an Unpleasant Frame of Mind that National Committeemen Are En Route to See Him.

PROBABLY NOT WORDED TO PLEASE THE BRYAN CONTINGENT,

For It Was Carried Back to the Middle-Roader by Mr. Washburn Yesterday-Senator Butler's Views.

CHICAGO, Oct. 16 .- George F. Washburn, chairman of the Chicago branch of the Populist national campaign committee, and H. W. Reed, the committeeman from the State of Georgia and the personal friend of Mr. Watson, left for the home of Mr. Watson to-night. At the time of leaving here Mr. Washburn had with him the letter of Mr. Watson accepting the nomination of the Populist party for the vice presidency. The letter will not in all probability be made public until after the two gentlemen have had their interview with Mr. Watson, It is said on the best of authority that the actual object of the visit to Mr. Watson is the desire to have a talk with him over the general situation and to explain to him several matters in the conduct of the campaign from the Populist standpoint that have not met with the entire approval of the nominee for the vice presidency. There will be no effort made to get Mr. Watson to consent to the removal of his name from the ticket in favor of Mr. wrinkles on Mr. Watson's brow that would look better if they were smoother and it is to smooth them that Messrs. Washburn and Reed have gone to the South. In reply to the statement that Mr. Washburn, of the Chicago headquarters, had been called down by Chairman Jones, of the Democratic committee, and Chairman Butler, of the Populist committee, and others, because of tion of Mr. Watson for Mr. Sewall on the national ticket, Mr. Washburn said:

"This is just as willful and malicious a committee submitted its report to Chaircommittee to make any overtures in the way of a Cabinet position, or otherwise, to Mr. Watson to secure his silence. From the beginning of the campaign to the present time I have aggressively and fearlessly insisted on the recognition of the rights of our candidate, Mr. Watson, and of the interests of the People's party, and shall continue to do so until the end of the campaign. The statement that there has been any friction with our Washington head-quarters or with Senator Jones is also an infamous lie. My position has been fully understood and respected and, notwithstanding my advocacy, of Mr. Watson's rights, my line of action has been in perfect harmony with Senator Butler and our committee, and chile I have at all times pressed our rights vigorously upon Sena-Kansas, stating that the middle-of-the-road Populists had been sold out and that their party had been made a foot mat for Democratic politicians?" asked the report-

"I do not believe that Mr. Watson said this or sent such a telegram. It it be true, he probably had reference to the State to which the telegram was sent, because in that State the Democrats indorsed the Populist State ticket and the Populists legislative candidates who are to elect a done in exchange for a straight Bryan and Sewall electoral ticket with the under-

VIEWS OF A POPULIST.

Senator Butler on the Outlook in Supposed Doubtful States. chairman of the Populist national committee, arrived here this morning. "There are cult, because the Democrats rejected several very fair propositions which were made regarding the middle Western States. four will go for Bryan and silver. Kentucky is safe. West Virginia and Virginia Kenare doubtful, with the chance, I think, strongly in favor of Bryan in the former. In Maryland the result will depend on the Republican farmers. If there is enough disaffection among them to offset the gold Democratic defection in Baltimore Bryan will carry the State. For the population there is a greater gold Democratic defection in Baltimore, I think, than in any city west of New York.

not received Mr. Watson's letter of accept-ance, which the latter is quoted as saying day. Senator Butler and the national committee are represented by a subcommittee now on the way to Georgia to confer with the vice presidential candidate, and they will be joined by other members of the general committee in case there is any call for sued from Chicago, as the proper policy for the party, to leave the details of party management to the committee, and to cease his public criticisms of the commit-tee's course. Senator Butler does not adson and the party managers, but it is no secret that the committee has felt considerably annoyed by Mr. Watson's attack upon its fusion policy. It is stated to be a mistake to conclude, as appears to have cure Mr. Watson's withdrawal from the contest, or that the national committee is

WATSON'S NAME WITHDRAWN. It Will Not Appear on the Electoral Ticket in Kansas.

best possible feeling exists between them.

THOMSON, Ga., Oct. 16,-Thomas E Watson to-day forwarded papers to Kansas notifying the Secretary of State to take his name off the head of the as nominee for Vice President from off the Populist ticket. The necessary affidavit, in Bar. Ther. R.H. Wind. Weather. Pre. 7 a. m. 30.00 44 74 North Clear (.00 7 p. m. 29.90 55 59 North C'ldy 0.00 Maximum temperature, 59; minimum temperature, 43.
Following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation Oct. 16:

Normal Tem. Prec. Normal 54 0.00 Mean 54 0.00 Mean 54 0.00 Departure from normal 51 0.00 Departure from normal 51 0.00 Departure since Oct. 1. 58 -0.28 Total departure since Jan. 1. 463 -0.70 Total departure since Jan. 1. 5463 -0.70 Total departure since Jan. 2. 5463 -0.70 Total departure due form, authorizing the withdrawal from appear in only one of the official ballots in Kansas, and that will be at the head of the middle-of-the-road Populists.

Rich, Red

sible to get it from so-called "nerve torics" and opiate compounds. They have temporary, sleeping effects. but do not CURE. To have pure blood and good health, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has first, last, and all the time, been advertised as just what it is - the best medicine for the blood

ever produced. In fact, Hoods Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Hood's Pills assist Digestion and cure Constipation. 25 cause.

SPANIARDS DEFIED BY CHIEF OFFI-CER OF AN AMERICAN SHIP.

Havana Police Not Permitted to Ar rest a Citizen of Mexico on the

incident occurred in the harbor here toboard the Ward line steamship Vigilancia York to Mexico. The man's name was Angel Fernandez. He was born in Asturias, Spain, but claimed to be a Mexican citizen. Captain McIntosh, of the Vigilancia, refused to deliver the man up and the police ordered the Vigilancia to be detained. Thereupon Captain Mcintosh consulted with General Fitzhugh Lee, the United States consul general, and soon afterwards the Vigilancia was allowed to sail, with Fernandez on board, to Mexico.

CAPTURED BY SPANIARDS.

Supplies Landed by Filtbusters in the Hands of the Enemy. HAVANA, Oct. 16 .- The gunboat Con-

tramaestro, while reconnoitering in the river San Juan, near Trinidad, province of Santa Clara, had a brush with some insurgents and succeeded in capturing over five hundred rifles, a quantity of ammunition, a cannon, some medical supplies, a quantity of clothing and some important correspondence. The arms, ammunition, etc., were found in boats marked "The Three Friends." but it is nevertheless sup-posed that the supplies belonged to the Dauntless expedition. The firing between the gunboat and the insurgents lasted Lieutenant Colonel Agullera, with the Lusitania section of the Princess squadron of Hussars and the local guerrilla force of Madruga, Havana province, to the number of 150 were reconnoitering about San Blas Cangress. Just before arriving at the plantation of Esperandea the insurgents to plantation of Esperandea the insurgents to the number of 350, under Delgado and Pitirre, opened fire upon the Spanlards. They were dislodged from their entrepeded position and the houses con the plantation were demolished. The insurgents retreated towards Economica, when Colonel Aguilera ordered a charge. Their insurgents were overtaken and driven off, leaving forty of their billed with side arms fifty-six sadpressed our rights vigorously upon Senator Jones the has at no time since my arrival here been an unpleasant word between us or a single misunderstanding."

"Mr. Washburn, what have you to say in regard to the telegram this morning from Mr. Watson to Mr. Steinberger, of from Mr. Watson to Mr. Steinberger, of the middle-of-the sileptin wounded and two lieutenants of the middle-of-the sileptin wounded. their killed, with side arms, fifty-six sadslightly wounded.

Cubans May Be Recognized. CHICAGO, Oct. 16 .- A special to Times Herald from Washington says: "If Spain does not end the war in Cuba within three months the insurgents will receive from the United States virtual recognition of their independence. It can be further stated on authority that the President does not expect that Spain will end the war with the tactics now employed during the present year, and that he is fully convinced that the grave duty will devolve upon him of taking a vigorous stand in this matter. A high official of the administration said to-night that action by the President may be looked for by the first of President may be looked for by the first of the year. Long before that time the Vene-zuelan question will be disposed of and the administration will be left free to devise a plan for restoring peace in Cuba."

CANNOT BE TOO GOOD. (Concluded from First Page.) dustry. It has now more than \$30,000,000 so The railroad mileage of the North Carolina and Tennessee. An adjust- than 25,000 miles at a cost in building new ment will be reached in Florida and Ten- roads and in the improvement of other ones nessee without doubt. So far as Georgia is concerned, the State will go either for Bryan and Watson or Bryan and Sewall. present it is at the rate of thirty million tons per year. "This, my fellow-citizens, all occurred after the so-called crime of 1873, when the free coinage of silver was suspended. Ohio can be classed as doubtful. Indiana, tion of the world made such progress as with the fusion arranged, is safe for the South made between 1880 and 1890, and

Bryan, and Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota during all that period we were on a gold basis, one dollar being as good as every and lows are in the balance. I regard it as other dollar and all of them equal to the safe to assume that the chances are even in those States; that is, that two out of the protective tariff policy that encouraged our own development and the increase of our own manufactures. Do you want to turn your backs upon this policy, men of West Virginia? Do you want a return of that prosperity which you so signally enjoyed from 1880 to 1890? (Cries of 'You bet we do.') Then, my fellow-citizens, the way to accomplish that is to yote for that party not for the individual-but to vote for that party that has always stood for a protective tariff and believes in protecting our own as against all the world.

"This, my fellow-citizens, has been the principle of the Republican party from the beginning. It is its principle now and our party believes now as it has always believed, that the business of this country must be done with dollars that are worth 100 cents each in every State of the Union and in every part of the civilized world We do not want a cheap dollar any more than we want cheap men. We no more eral committee in case there is any call for their presence at the conference. The purpose of the visit is understood to be to prevail on Mr. Watson to accept with good grace the general committee's address, is sued from Chicago, as the proper policy for government of integrity and of unsullied

"I again thank you, my fellow-citizens for this call and trust that the 3d of Nomit there are differences between Mr. Wat-West Virginia will go into the right column. I will be glad to meet and greet

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 16.-Two thou-

Baltimoreans En Route.

sand workingmen left here to-night over the Baltimore & Ohio for Canton, O., desirous of accomplishing this result. On the contrary, it is their earnest desire to keep Mr. Watson's name on the ticket as being in the best interest of Mr. Bryan and the Populist party. Senator Butler denies the story which originated in Chicago, that there has been a personal difference between himself and Vice Chairman Wash-lower tween himself and Vice Chairman Wash-lower the story will be received by the Fifth Regiment Kinley to-morrow. The Fifth Regiment Band will furnish music, and its leader has written a piece which he has dedicated to Mother McKinley, and which will be played as the party marches past her house. The arrangements for the meeting Brookline Gas Company at a cost of about 1950.000. sirous of accomplishing this result. On where they will be received by Major Mcare in the excursion 900 members of the wage earners' association, 800 employes of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, 500 potters and seventy members of the Maltster Club.

> Thirty-Six Carloads. CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 16.-An excursion

of Kentucky Republicans, requiring thirty-six cars, left here for Canton this mid-six cars, left here for Canton this mid-night, numbering two thousand men. The night, numbering two thousand men. The train is in four sections. They go by the Big Four. The first section left at milinight, and the other three followed intervals of thirty minutes. Five carbads of these pilgrims came from the southeastern part of Kentucky, beyond Middlesboro, and include excursionists from Wise Scott and Lee counties, in Virginia. Many of them are ex-Confederate soldiers.

Surviving members of the Thirty-third Indiana Regiment will hold its annual reunion in Martinsville next Wednesday.
Twenty-seven hundred men were enrolled
in this regiment. Wednesday will be the
anniversary of their first engagement, at
Wild Cat. Ky. General John Coburn
and other well known men from a distance
will be present.

A dispatch from New York says:
Wild be present.

Indiana Regiment will hold its annual reentire issue was provided for and bonds
strength.

Hon. R. S. Taylor, of Fort Wayne, is here
on business before the Supreme Court.
The treasury to-day lost \$250,200 in gold
coin and \$15,900 in bars, which leaves the
liam Buchanan, of New York, who petithoned in Delaware for a receiver for the Indiana Regiment will hold its annual re-

All Men's Clothing Half Off All Boys' Clothing Half Off

HALF PRICE

All Furnishings and Hats One-Third to One-Half Off

THE

All Men's Clothing Half Off 34 All Boys' Clothing Half Off

HALF PRICE

All Furnishings and Hats One-Third to One-Half Off

Such selling as is being done in this

-> Clearance Sale <--

Has no counterpart in modern retailing. A political demonstration isn't in it with the crowds that will fill the 16,000 square feet of space in the Model to-day. Everybody knows by this time that Saks & Company, of Washington, D. C., have bought the Model, and everybody is aware that Saks & Company are doing just }+ what they advertise to do-selling every dollar's worth of Model clothing

At Exactly Half Price

Model clothing, in style and quality, is not cheap clothing by any means. It has always been considered the most reliable merchandise sold in Indianapolis. The prices have (+ been most reasonable. Just cut those prices in two and see what it means for you.

Men's Clothing	Boys' Clothing
uits and Overcoats\$2.50	\$1 Star Waists 5
Suits and Overcoats. \$5.00	\$2 and \$3 Flannel Waists
Silk-lined Clay Suits	40c Knee Pants 2
Silk-lined Kersey ercoats \$9.00	\$1 Knee Pants 5 \$6 Knee Pants Suits\$3.
Plaid Suits \$7.50	\$5 Knee Pants Suits\$2.
Plaid S.its\$10.00	\$3 Knee Pants Suits \$1.
Pants 75c	\$6 Reefers\$3.
ants \$1.50	\$5 Reefers
ETC., ETC., ETC.	ETC., ETC., ETC.

Furnishings and Hats All Furnishings, and Hats + one-half to one-third off.

50c Ribbed Underwear.. 34c \$1 Wool Underwear.... \$1.50 Wool Underwear. \$1.00 Silk Club Ties, 2 for ... 25c 4 All 50c Neckwear 34c \$1 and \$1.50 Stiff Hats. 25c \$3 Hats...... \$2.00 Big surprises in heavy Caps and Children's Fancy Caps and

WANTED—Salesmen for All Departments, and Tailors.

SAKS & COMPANY

CHARGED WITH MALADMINISTRA-TION OF A BIG CONCERN'S AFFAIRS.

\$20 S

Receivers Appointed for the Bay State Gas Company, of New Jersey, -Embarrassed Banks.

WILMINGTON, Del., Oct. 16.-Before Judge Wales in the United States Circuit Court to-day ex-Senator Anthony Higgins made application for the appointment of receivers for the Bay State Gas Company, of New Jersey, the principal office being located here. Judge Wales granted the application and named J. Augustus McCauley, this city, and Dwight Braman, of Boston, receivers. Security in the sum of \$25,000 was demanded. The appointment of receivers being only temporary, a rule was issued on the office of the company returnable Nov. 7 restraining them from selling or disposing of any of the company's effects. The proceedings were entirely exparte, Mr. Addicks not being represented.
The complaint on which the application was based is made by William Buchanan, of New York, a holder of Bay State Gas stock to the extent of \$100,000. The complaint is very long, but in brief it makes the following charges: That the company has not paid any interest since April, 1883; that the capital stock of the company was raised from \$3,000,000, and that the majority of this stock was retained by Addicks and his agents, without just consideration and fraudulently; that the directors and officers of the company are the creatures of Addicks and submissive to his control; that Addicks endeavored to dispose of \$4,500,600 of the stock to the Bay State com-pany, of Boston; that, but for the malad-ministration of Addicks and his agents the company would have been paying divi-dends of 7 per cent. The petitioner further alleges that, in his opinion, the affairs of the company will not be conducted in any better manner while J. Edward Addicks is in control. He claims that the company is indebted to him in the sum of \$2,000, and asks the court to adjudge it insolvent and appoint receivers. Associated with ex-Senator Higgins as counsel in the case are Roger Foster, of New York, and Frederick E. Snow, of Boston. The United States marshal was looking for Mr. Addicks all of this morning in order to serve him with notice of the appointment of receivers and the rule to show cause why the appointment should not be made permanent. He could not be found, he wever. About 5 o'clock this afternoon ex-Senator Higgins and J. A. MacCauley, who was appointed one of the receivers of the Bay

State Gas Company, went to the office of the company and demanded the keys of the desk. Charles H. Graeff was in the Higgins thereupon sent for a carpenter, who opened the desk, and Mr. McCauley took some papers from the inside. The Bay State Gas Company, of New \$125,000. The financial statement on Jan. 1, 1896, is as follows: Capital stock, \$15,000,-000: funded debt, Boston United Cas first mortgage sinking fund, gold, fifty-year 5 per cent, bonds, due Jan. 1, 1939, interest January and July, issued, \$9,000,000; Boston Gas, second mortgage, gold 5 per cent. bonds, due June 1, 1939, interest January and July, issued, \$3,000,000; Bay authorized issue under the mortgage of 1809 issued \$12,000,000, of which \$7,000,000 is 1899 issued \$12,000,000, of which \$7,000,000 is secured by the Mercantile Trust Company, trustee of nearly all the stock of the Boston, South Boston, Roxbury and Bay State (of Massachuseets) Gaslight Company, of Boston, the reported cost of which to the company was \$10,000,000. Of the balance (\$5,000,000) \$2,000,000 were reserved for betterments and improvements and \$3,000,000 to acquire control of other gas companies. An annual sinking fund of 1 per cent. of the entire issue was provided for and bonds

Bay State Gas Company, was to-night served with an order to appear in the Po-lice Court on Monday next to answer to a criminal charge made against him by Camille Weidenfeld, of the firm of Lawson & Weidenfeld, of Boston and New York. The summons to appear was issued by Judge Wentworth, city magistrate, on depositions filed in his court. The depositions set forth among other things that Buchanan has circulated contrary to the statutes of the State of New York false statements, rumors and intelligence in the presence of Weidenfeld and others concerning the Bay State Cas Campany of Delaing the Bay State Gas Company of Dela-ware, stating that it was insolvent and bankrupt and that the president had di-verted millions of dollars of its capital stock to his own use. An affidavit was filed by the treasurer of the Bay State Gas Company setting out under each that the Company setting out under oath that the corporation was not insolvent or bankrupt; that, on the contrary, during the present year he paid off all of its indebtedness, at one time amounting to over \$1,000,000, and that at the present time it has only a small amount of current debt and has cash on hand to a considerable amount. The treas-urer further alleges that the president has not appropriated any of its capital stock, and so far as the new issue is concerned he

president of the Artisan Savi.gs Bank, has not received or owned a single share An Atlanta Bank Closed. ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 16 .- The Merchants' Bank, one of the oldest and for many years soundest financial institutions in this city, closed this morning. A notice posted on the door simply stated that the bank had assigned to J. G. Oglesby, George W. Scott and George Winship and that it was believed that all depositors would be paid in full. The failure of the bank was due to the withdrawal of deposits within the last few days, caused by a rumor to the effect that Tax Collector A. P. Stewart, who had \$49,000 on deposit there, has been asked by the bank officials not to check any of this money out. The officials deny that any such request was made. All of Stewart's checks were honored. He with-drew the \$49,000, and that, coupled with other withdrawals caused by the rumor, occasioned embarrassment and it was deemed best to go into liquidation. The amount owed depositors is \$275,000. There is no run on any of the other banks.

Savings Bank in Straits. WILLIMANTIC, Conn., Oct. 16 .- Owing to a run on the Willimantic Savings Institute, during which \$70,000 has been withdrawn, the directors of the bank to-day issued a statement in which they an-nounced their intention of taking advan-tage of the "four-months-notice" law. The cause of the run is not yet known.

SHE'S A NOBLE SHIP

Capt. Evans Says the Indiana Behaved Well in a Storm. WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.-Captain Evans, of the battle ship Indiana, has made a short report to the Navy Department on the exhigh seas on the cruise of the North Atlantic squadron from Hampton Roads o Tompkinsville. He says that the Indiana behaved magnificently throughout. It has just begun to dawn upon the officials at the Navy Department that the squadron has successfully weathered the worst seas SURPLUS - - - and gales that have been experienced by while there is some criticism expressed on the judgment of the Admiral in taking the ships out to sea in the face of the hurricane warnings of the signal serv ice, which was attended with such terrible results in the case of the ill-fated Huror many years ago, great gratification is felt that the ships, one and all, behaved so well, and it said that their perfermance settles at once all doubt that might have been entertained of the stability of the ships, even of the Texas, which has been under some suspicion heretofore.

General Notes.

Special to the Indianacolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.-Dr. J. B. Mc Evoy has been appointed a pension examining surgeon at Fort Wayne. Charles E. Pauley, of Indianapolis, has been appointed a printer of the Weather Bureau for service outside of Washington,

D. C. Mr. Reese H. Voorhees, a son of Senator Voorhees, arrived this afternoon. He states that the Senator is rapidly improving in

THIS COLLAR IS THREE NCHES TALL. IT WILL OUT WEAR ANY OTHER MAKE OF BENT-POINT STYLES, BECAUSE IT'S MADEFLEXIBLE GUARANTEE, MANOMET.

PARK - TO-DAY | 3 F. M.

Glen McDonough's Jolly Comedy, "The Prodigal Father" The Hit of Last Season.

lively music and dancing.
Prices-10c, 20c, 30c. Matinees daily. Oct. 19, 20, 21-Fields and Hanson's "Drawing

EMPIRE THEATER - Entrance Delaware St. Arcade. Miaco's City Club Big Burlesque Co

the City Club at the French Batt. SEE the Sporty Dutch—S.
the sensational Living Pictures.
the Tom Tom Dance.
Seats on Sale—Andrews, the Tailor. Box office. Telephone 1702. Oct. 19, 20, 21—Lost Paradise and Pariscope.

Bryce's **Old Homestead** Bread

an American squadron in many years, and Stockholders' Additional Liability, - \$600,000

The UNION TRUST COMPANY receives deposits for a given time and pays interest on them. Persons holding trust funds, or having money which they do not wish to use for depositing with this company, and at Good investments in mortgages and securities always for sale. All kinds of trusts administered at reasonable

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